Quiz Preparation: Converting Values

1. Wr	rite the appropriate vocabulary word next to its definition.				
a)	a set of 4 binary digits				
b)	a set of 8 binary digits				
c)	a name for the base-2 number system				
d)	a name for the base-16 number system				
e)	an operation that inverts (or "flips") the bits of a binary number ($0 \leftrightarrow 1$)				
f)	to change from one form to another, for example from binary to decimal				
mis	ven the binary number 1110_1001, make the conversions specified below. It is easy to make small stakes, so show your work for partial marks. Convert the value to decimal, assuming the byte represents an <i>unsigned number</i> .				
b) <u>C</u>	onvert the value to decimal, assuming the byte represents a <i>sign and magnitude</i> .				
c) C	onvert the value to decimal, assuming the byte represents a <i>two's complement</i> number.				
d) C	onvert the value to <i>hexadecimal</i> .				

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3.	Again working with the same binary number, 1110_1001, complete the tables below. It is easy make small mistakes, so show your work for partial marks.					
a)	Perform a <i>left shift</i> by <u>two bit positions</u> , then convert the result to decimal, assuming the byte represents an <i>unsigned number</i> .					
b)	A <i>left shift</i> by two bit positions should be equivalent to multiplication by four (×4); however the value calculated in part (3a) is obviously not even close to four times the value calculated in part (2a). What word describes what happened.					
C)	Perform a <i>logical right shift</i> by <u>two bit positions</u> , then convert the result to decimal, assuming the byte represents an <i>unsigned number</i> .					
d)	<i>Perform a logical right shift</i> by two bit positions, as was done in part (c), then convert the result to <i>hexadecimal</i> .					
·	What mathematical operation (operator and operand) is equivalent to a <i>logical right shift</i> by two bit positions, assuming the byte represents an <i>unsigned number</i> .	operand (binary)	operator	operand (decimal)		
		1110_1001				
	<i>Note</i> : the reason this mathematical expression isn't exactly true is due to the <i>loss of precision</i> as bits are shifted out of the number, and lost.					
f	Perform an <i>arithmetic right shift</i> by <u>two bit positions</u> , then convert the result to decimal, assuming the byte represents a <i>two's complement</i> number.					